Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FW


## -Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FW |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 |
|  | inch | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/4 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 2-1/2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature |  | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) |  | above 0 to 1.0 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

These float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks.

## -Features:

1. Our Float valves come with an adjustable lever that can be adjusted as required, to maintain the desired water level.
2. Our Float valves come with a built-in stainless steel strainer to protect the valve seat and to prevent it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
3. Our Float valves' unique design can be fitted with a wave suppression pipe to provide wave suppression when requested.
4. Bronze prevents rust contamination of potable water.
5. The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.
6 . The smooth operation of the pressurebalanced mechanism minimizes vibration noise known as water hammer.

## OFlow Characteristics:



Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FW

-Dimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ | J | H | Allowance of J | G | Allowance of G | Length of Lever arm | Float <br> d | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 25 | 30 | 27.5 | 15 | 27 | (348) | (316) | 110 | 200 | $\pm 20$ | (140) | $\pm 20$ | 180 | 100 | JIS B 2061 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 37.5 | (422) | (386) | 120 | 239 | $\pm 20$ | (150) | $\pm 20$ | 210 | 120 |  |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 35 | 36.5 | 25 | 53 | (470) | (405) | 100 | 224 | $\pm 20$ | (170) | $\pm 20$ | 235 | 120 |  |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | 50 | 22 | 60 | 25 | 54.5 | (450) | (424) | 100 | 220 | $\pm 25$ | (145) | $\pm 25$ | 235 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \& \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 23 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (495) | (472) | 120 | 257 | $\pm 25$ | (160) | $\pm 25$ | 280 | 120 |  |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (550) | (526) | 130 | 282 | $\pm 25$ | (170) | $\pm 25$ | 280 | 150 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 30 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (743) | (700) | 150 | 344 | $\pm 30$ | (220) | $\pm 30$ | 510 | 150 | $\text { JIS B } 0202$ |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (890) | (820) | 160 | 374 | $\pm 30$ | (250) | $\pm 30$ | 615 | 180 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 105 | 70 | 102 | (995) | (960) | 220 | 400 | $\pm 30$ | (310) | $\pm 30$ | 725 | 180 | BS21 |
| 125 | 5 | 168 | 34 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (1280) | 200 | 490 | $\pm 30$ | (280) | $\pm 30$ | 800 | 180/180 |  |
| 150 | 6 | 168 | 34 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (1280) | 200 | 490 | $\pm 30$ | (280) | $\pm 30$ | 800 | 180/180 | JIS B 2239 |

OMaterials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel |
| Lever Arm | Stainless Steel(Size:15,20,25,32,40,125,150) |
|  | Brass(Size:50) |
|  | Bronze(Size:65,80,100) |
| Floats | Polyethylene |
| Valve Spindle | Brass |
| Adjustable Connector | Brass |
| Disc | NBR |

※ Copper float is available.


## -Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FW |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 |
|  | inch | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/4 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 2-1/2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature |  | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) |  | above 0 to 1.0 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

These float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks.

## -Features:

1. Our Float valves come with an adjustable lever that can be adjusted as required, to maintain the desired water level.
2. Our Float valves come with a built-in stainless steel strainer to protect the valve seat and to prevent it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
3. Our Float valves' unique design can be fitted with a wave suppression pipe to provide wave suppression when requested.
4. Bronze prevents rust contamination of potable water.
5. The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.
6 . The smooth operation of the pressurebalanced mechanism minimizes vibration noise known as water hammer.

## OFlow Characteristics:



## Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FW(W)



ODimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ | J | H | Allowance of J | G | Allowance of G |  | Float <br> d | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 25 | 30 | 27.5 | 15 | 27 | (348) | (316) | 110 | 200 | $\pm 20$ | (140) | $\pm 20$ | 180 | 100 | JIS B 2061 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 37.5 | (422) | (386) | 120 | 239 | $\pm 20$ | (150) | $\pm 20$ | 210 | 120 |  |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 35 | 36.5 | 25 | 53 | (470) | (405) | 100 | 224 | $\pm 20$ | (170) | $\pm 20$ | 235 | 120 |  |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | 50 | 22 | 60 | 25 | 54.5 | (450) | (424) | 100 | 220 | $\pm 25$ | (145) | $\pm 25$ | 235 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \& \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 23 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (495) | (472) | 120 | 257 | $\pm 25$ | (160) | $\pm 25$ | 280 | 120 |  |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (550) | (526) | 130 | 282 | $\pm 25$ | (170) | $\pm 25$ | 280 | 150 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 30 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (743) | (700) | 150 | 344 | $\pm 30$ | (220) | $\pm 30$ | 510 | 150 | JIS B 0202 <br> \& BS21 <br>  <br> JIS B 2239 |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (890) | (820) | 160 | 374 | $\pm 30$ | (250) | $\pm 30$ | 615 | 180 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 105 | 70 | 102 | (995) | (960) | 220 | 400 | $\pm 30$ | (310) | $\pm 30$ | 725 | 180 |  |
| 125 | 5 | 168 | 34 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (1280) | 200 | 490 | $\pm 30$ | (280) | $\pm 30$ | 800 | 180/180 |  |
| 150 | 6 | 168 | 34 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (1280) | 200 | 490 | $\pm 30$ | (280) | $\pm 30$ | 800 | 180/180 |  |

-Materials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Lever Arm | Stainless Steel |
| Floats | Copper / Polyethylene |
| Valve Spindle | Brass |
| Adjustable Connector | Brass |
| Disc | EPDM / NBR |

※FLUORINE-COATING is applied on the inner body.


FWSP meets BS1212 standard.
-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWSP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
|  | inch | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/4 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 2-1/2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature |  | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) |  | above 0 to 1.6 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 2.4 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

OFlow Characteristics:
Float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks.

## -Features:

1. The unique design of smaller double floats helps to increase water storage capacity and reduce water tank height requirements.
2. Higher working pressure provides a tightness of seat that prevents leakage, overflow, and high maintenance costs.
3. The double float design provides a double-safety feature. Even if one of the floats leak, the other will still function.
4. KKK Float Valves come with an adjustable lever that can be adjusted as required.
5. KKK Float Valves come with a built-in stainless steel strainer to protect the valve seat and to prevent it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
6. KKK Float Valves' unique design can be
 fitted with a wave suppression pipe to provide wave suppression when requested.
7. Bronze prevents rust contamination of potable water.
8. The Polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.

Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FWSP

-Dimensions:
unit:mm

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L1 | L2 | $J$ | H | Allowance of $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ to H | G | Allowance of G |  | Upper float | Lower float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 25 | 30 | 27.5 | 15 | 27 | (395) | (150) | 80 | 95 | $\pm 20$ | (300) | $\pm 30$ | 150 | 120 | - | JIS B 2061 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 37.5 | (485) | (130) | 90 | 110 | $\pm 20$ | (365) | $\pm 30$ | 180 | 150 | - |  |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 35 | 36.5 | 25 | 53 | (475) | (110) | 100 | 125 | $\pm 20$ | (390) | $\pm 30$ | 200 | 150 | - |  |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | 50 | 22 | 60 | 25 | 54.5 | (555) | (20) | 140 | 165 | $\pm 25$ | (400) | $\pm 35$ | 255 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \& \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 23 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (585) | (15) | 150 | 177 | $\pm 25$ | (445) | $\pm 35$ | 300 | 150 | 120 |  |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (625) | (65) | 165 | 193 | $\pm 25$ | (485) | $\pm 35$ | 350 | 150 | 120 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 28 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (830) | (140) | 180 | 226 | $\pm 30$ | (600) | $\pm 45$ | 432 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0202 \\ \& \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (840) | (180) | 230 | 283 | $\pm 30$ | (690) | $\pm 45$ | 482 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 119 | (930) | (120) | 280 | 333 | $\pm 30$ | (730) | $\pm 60$ | 534 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 150 | 6 | 130 | 32 | 105 | 70 | 140 | (1065) | (100) | 430 | 500 | $\pm 30$ | (890) | $\pm 60$ | 750 | 180 | 150 |  |
| (200) | 8 | 260 | 40 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (300) | 430 | 522 | $\pm 40$ | (1260) | $\pm 80$ | 1050 | 180 | 180 |  |

Rough estimate

## -Materials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel |
| Lever Arm | Stainless Steel |
| Floats | Polyethylene |
| Valve Spindle | Bronze |
| Adjustable Connector | Brass |
| Disc | EPDM/NBR |

## Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FWFP



FW100 meets BS1212 standard.
-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWFP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 |
|  | inch | 1/2 | 3/4 | 1 | 1-1/4 | 1-1/2 | 2 | 2-1/2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature |  | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) |  | above 0 to 1.6 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 2.4 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

Float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks.

## -Features:

1. The unique design of smaller double floats helps to increase water storage capacity and reduce water tank height requirements.
2. Higher working pressure provides a tightness of seat that prevents leakage, overflow, and high maintenance costs.
3. The double float design provides a double-safety feature. Even if one of the floats leak, the other will still function.
4. KKK Float Valves come with an adjustable lever that can be adjusted as required.
5. KKK Float Valves come with a built-in stainless steel strainer to protect the valve seat and to prevent it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
6. KKK Float Valves' unique design can be

Flow Characteristics:
 fitted with a wave suppression pipe to provide wave suppression when requested.
7. Bronze prevents rust contamination of potable water.
8. The Polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.

Pressure Balanced Float Valve : Model FWFP

-Dimensions:
unit:mm

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L1 | L2 | J | H | Allowance of $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ to H | G | Allowance of G | Length of lever arm | Upper float | Lower float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 25 | 16 | 27.5 | 15 | 27 | (381) | (136) | 80 | 95 | $\pm 20$ | (300) | $\pm 30$ | 150 | 120 | - | JIS B 2061 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 18 | 33 | 20 | 37.5 | (468) | (113) | 90 | 110 | $\pm 20$ | (365) | $\pm 30$ | 180 | 150 | - |  |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 18 | 36.5 | 25 | 53 | (458) | (93) | 100 | 125 | $\pm 20$ | (390) | $\pm 30$ | 200 | 150 | - |  |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | 50 | 20 | 60 | 25 | 54.5 | (555) | (20) | 140 | 165 | $\pm 25$ | (400) | $\pm 35$ | 255 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \text { \& } \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 20 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (585) | (15) | 150 | 177 | $\pm 25$ | (445) | $\pm 35$ | 300 | 150 | 120 |  |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (628) | (68) | 165 | 193 | $\pm 25$ | (485) | $\pm 35$ | 350 | 150 | 120 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 28 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (833) | (143) | 180 | 226 | $\pm 30$ | (600) | $\pm 45$ | 432 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ISO7005-3 } \\ \text { (BS 4504) } \\ \text { PN16 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (843) | (183) | 230 | 283 | $\pm 30$ | (690) | $\pm 45$ | 482 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 119 | (930) | (120) | 280 | 333 | $\pm 30$ | (730) | $\pm 60$ | 534 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 150 | 6 | 130 | 32 | 105 | 70 | 140 | (1080) | (100) | 430 | 500 | $\pm 30$ | (890) | $\pm 60$ | 750 | 180 | 150 |  |
| (200) | 8 | 260 | 40 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | (300) | 430 | 522 | $\pm 40$ | (1260) | $\pm 80$ | 1050 | 180 | 180 |  |

-Materials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel |
| Lever Arm | Stainless Steel |
| Floats | Polyethylene |
| Valve Spindle | Bronze |
| Adjustable Connector | Brass |
| Flange | Stainless Steel |
| Disc | EPDM/NBR |

※Copper float is available.

Float Valve for rain, underground, sea, river water : Model FWRP

-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWRP (Standard and High Durability type) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 |
|  | inch | 1-1/2 | 2 | 2-1/2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature |  | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) |  | above 0 to 1.6 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 2.4 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

The flow path of this float valve is specially designed to solve the trouble caused by the kind of fluid. It is recommended to use for rain, underground, sea and river ${ }^{* 1}$ water.
${ }^{* 1}$ Depending on the condition, primary filtration will be required.

## -Features:

1. By the design of the clogging prevention and the discharge flow control, standard and high durability type can be used in various of water.
2. Higher working pressure can be used for wide range of applications.
3. The small air-gap design provides more storage volume for rain water reservoir and etc. where the ceiling height is limited place.
4. Our float valves are equipped with an adjustable air-gap adaptor that can be set as required.
5. Standard type is applicable for rain, underground water.
6. High durability type is applicable for sea, river water by optional fluorine coating.
7. Bronze material has been chosen by its long durability in water.
-Flow Characteristics:


BRONZE VALVES

## Float Valve for rain, underground, sea, river water : Model FWRP



## -Dimensions: Standard type

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L1 | L2 | H | Allowance of L1 to H | G | Allowance of G | Length of lever arm | Upper float | Lower float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 20 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (585) | (15) | 177 | $\pm 25$ | (445) | $\pm 35$ | 300 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \text { B } 21 \end{gathered}$ |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (628) | (68) | 193 | $\pm 25$ | (485) | $\pm 35$ | 350 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 28 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (830) | (140) | 226 | $\pm 30$ | (600) | $\pm 45$ | 432 | 150 | 120 | JIS 10K JIS 16K \& PN16 |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (840) | (180) | 283 | $\pm 30$ | (690) | $\pm 45$ | 482 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 119 | (930) | (120) | 333 | $\pm 30$ | (730) | $\pm 60$ | 534 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 125 | 5 | 130 | 32 | 105 | 70 | 140 | (1065) | (100) | 500 | $\pm 30$ | (890) | $\pm 60$ | 750 | 180 | 150 |  |
| 150 | 6 | 130 | 32 | 105 | 70 | 140 | (1065) | (100) | 500 | $\pm 30$ | (890) | $\pm 60$ | 750 | 180 | 150 |  |

※Originally, FLUORINE-COATING is applied to the valve seat \& outlet port.
)Rough estimate
-Dimensions: High Durability type

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L1 | L2 | H | Allowance of $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ to H | G | Allowance of G | Length of lever arm | Upper Lower float float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 18 | 100 | 108 | 87 | (980) | (320) | 245 | $\pm 30$ | (700) | $\pm 60$ | 500 | $196 \times 288$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS 16K } \\ \& \\ \text { PN16 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 150 | 6 | 155 | 22 | 135 | 150 | 100 | (1200) | (420) | 300 | $\pm 30$ | (840) | $\pm 60$ | 600 | $260 \times 339$ |  |
| 200 | 8 | 202 | 22 | 204 | 120 | 181 | (1440) | (480) | 351 | $\pm 30$ | (900) | $\pm 60$ | 600 | $407 \times 309$ |  |
| ※Originally, FLUORINE-COATING is applied to the valve seat \& outlet port. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | )Rough estimat |

## OMaterials:

| Description | Material | Floats | Polyethylene |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze | Valve Spindle | Bronze/Brass |
| Flange | Sus304 | Adjustable Connector | Brass |
| Lever Arm | Stainless Steel | Disc | EPDM/NBR |

FLOAT VALVES: FWSP/FP INSTALLATION DIAGRAM
-Dimensions:
Dimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | $L_{1}$ | $L_{2}$ | J | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | $(628)$ | $(68)$ | 165 | 193 |
| 65 | $2-1 / 2$ | 90 | 28 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | $(833)$ | $(143)$ | 180 | 226 |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 53 | 85 | $(843)$ | $(183)$ | 230 | 283 |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 87 | 53 | 119 | $(930)$ | $(120)$ | 280 | 280 |
| 150 | 6 | 130 | 32 | 105 | 70 | 140 | $(1080)$ | $(112)$ | 430 | 500 |


| Nom.size |  | Allowance of Li to H | G | Allowance of G | Length of lever arm | Upper float | Lower float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | 2 | $\pm 25$ | (485) | $\pm 35$ | 350 | 150 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { ISO7005-3 } \\ \text { (BS 4504) } \\ \text { PN16 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | $\pm 30$ | (600) | $\pm 45$ | 432 | 150 | 120 |  |
| 80 | 3 | $\pm 30$ | (690) | $\pm 45$ | 482 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 100 | 4 | $\pm 30$ | (730) | $\pm 60$ | 534 | 150 | 150 |  |
| 150 | 6 | $\pm 30$ | (890) | $\pm 60$ | 750 | 180 | 150 |  |

Typical Application: For all tanks without main control system. Notice: Perforated strainner is packaged in the carton box.


## FLOAT VALVES: FW INSTALLATION DIAGRAM

## ODimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | $\mathrm{L}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{2}$ | J | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 25 | 30 | 27.5 | 15 | 27 | (370) | (353) | 50 | 98 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 33 | 20 | 37.5 | (420) | (400) | 50 | 103 |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 35 | 36.5 | 25 | 53 | (490) | (466) | 50 | 110 |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | 50 | 22 | 60 | 25 | 54.5 | (477) | (424) | 100 | 180 |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 55 | 23 | 62 | 27 | 60 | (541) | (471) | 100 | 186 |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 72 | 28 | 69 | (599) | (526) | 100 | 188 |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 90 | 28 | 80.5 | 46 | 74 | (758) | (724) | 100 | 195 |
| 80 | 3 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 53 | 85 | (900) | (875) | 120 | 243 |
| 100 | 4 | 130 | 30 | 105 | 70 | 102 | (994) | (972) | 140 | 266 |
| 125 | 5 | 168 | 32 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | ) (1280) | 350 | 490 |
| 150 | 6 | 168 | 32 | 132.5 | 92 | 144 | (1300) | ) (1280) | 350 | 490 |
| Nom.size |  | Allowance of J |  | G | Allowance of G | Length of Lever arm |  | Float d | Connection Standard |  |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | $\pm 20$ |  | (100) | $\pm 20$ | 150 |  | 100 | JIS B 2061 |  |
| 20 | 3/4 | $\pm 20$ |  | (100) | $\pm 20$ | 150 |  | 120 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 1 | $\pm 20$ |  | (130) | $\pm 20$ | 200 |  | 120 |  |  |  |
| 32 | 1-1/4 | $\pm 25$ |  | (200) | $\pm 25$ | 235 |  | 120 | JIS B 0203 |  |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | $\pm 25$ |  | (220) | $\pm 25$ | 280 |  | 120 |  |  |  |
| 50 | 2 | $\pm 25$ |  | (240) | $\pm 25$ | 280 |  | 150 | BS21 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | $\pm 30$ |  | (190) | $\pm 30$ | 450 |  | 150 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0202 \\ \text { \& } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 80 | 3 | $\pm 30$ |  | (190) | $\pm 30$ | 550 |  | 180 |  |  |  |
| 100 | 4 | $\pm 30$ |  | (200) | $\pm 30$ | 600 |  | 180 | BS21 |  |
| 125 | 5 | $\pm 30$ |  | (450) | $\pm 30$ | 800 |  | 80/180 |  |  |
| 150 | 6 | $\pm 30$ |  | (450) | $\pm 30$ | 800 |  | 80/180 | JIS | 2239 |



Float Valve for combination method of drink water: Model FWHR


## -Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWHR |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 |
|  | inch | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 | $1-1 / 4$ | $1-1 / 2$ | 2 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) | 0 to 0.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure | 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

These float valves are specially designed for the drinking water as a part of the combination method of rain water and drinking water system.

## -Features:

1. FWHR designed for rain water reservoir tank combination method.
2. Model FWHR come with a built-in stainless steel strainer to protect the valve seat and preventing it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
3. Bronze prevents rust contamination of drinking water.
4. The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.

## -Flow Characteristics:



Float Valve for combination method of drink water : Model FWHR


- Dimensions:



## OMaterials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Valve Spindle | Brass |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel |
| Disk | NBR |
| Adjustable bolt | Stainless Steel |
| Lever Arm | Brass |
| Float | Polyethylene |

Float Valve : Model SL, SH

-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | SL |  |  | SH |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 10 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
|  | inch | $3 / 8$ | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 |
| Applicable Fluid | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature | 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) | 0 to 0.75 MPa (SL10~20mm, SH25mm) | 0 to 1.0MPa (SH15~20mm) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure | 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## - Basic Application:

These float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks.

## - Flow Characteristics:



## - Features:

1. SL10~20mm are single fulcrum type.
2. SH15~25mm are double fulcrum type.
3. Bronze prevents rust contamination of potable water.
4. The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.



## ODimensions:



## OMaterials:

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze |
| Lever Arm | Brass |
| Float | Polyethylene |
| Disc | NBR |

※Copper, Stainless Steel float are available.

-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | SY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 |
|  | inch | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 | $1-1 / 2$ | 2 | $2-1 / 2$ | 3 | 4 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) | above 0 to 1.0 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure | 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

These float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks. SY float valves cannot only be used with tap water, but can also be used with special fluids, such as pure water, seawater etc.

## -Features:

1. The S.S316 stainless steel body and parts prevent stains and rust.
2. Lost wax casting provides the benefits of thin walls and lightness.
3. SY $15 \sim 25$ are double fulcrum type valves.
4. SY40-100 are pressure-balanced, double-linked types with built-in strainers. They don't fluctuate with water pressure.
5. SY can minimize water waves with a wide skirt.
※ S.S.316=316S31(BS),S31600(ASTM)

## -Flow Characteristics:



Stainless Steel Float Valve : Model SY


## ODimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L | H | F | Allowance of E | G | Length of <br> Lever arm | Float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 30 | 35 | 33 | 41 | 70 | (363) | 111 | PJ1/2 | $\pm 20$ | (277) | 150 | 100 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JIS B } 2061 \\ & \text { ※ } \end{aligned}$ |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 51 | 85 | (462) | 136 | PJ3/4 | $\pm 20$ | (361) | 210 | 120 |  |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 38 | 50 | 55 | 100 | (586) | 155 | PJ1 | $\pm 20$ | (474) | 280 | 150 |  |
| 40 | 1-1/2 | 68 | 23 | 56 | 41 | 100 | (566) | 141 | R1-1/2 | $\pm 25$ | (389) | 280 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \text { \& } \\ \text { BS21 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 50 | 2 | 68 | 26 | 56 | 47 | 100 | (598) | 147 | R2 | $\pm 25$ | (417) | 280 | 150 |  |
| 65 | 2-1/2 | 120 | 24 | 88 | 76 | 130 | (890) | 206 | $\begin{gathered} 2-1 / 2 \\ \mathrm{JIS} 10 \mathrm{~K} \end{gathered}$ | $\pm 30$ | (593) | 432 | 180 | JIS B 2240 |
| 80 | 3 | 120 | 24 | 88 | 76 | 140 | (930) | 216 | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ \text { JIS10K F } \end{gathered}$ | $\pm 30$ | (654) | 482 | 180 |  |
| 100 | 4 | 140 | 24 | 104.5 | 87 | 150 | (1007) | 237 | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { JIS } 10 \mathrm{~K} F \end{gathered}$ | $\pm 30$ | (654) | 534 | 180 |  |

※ JIS B 2061 thread is able to use for BS21 thread.

OMaterials: 15 to 25 mm

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | S.S.316 |
| Guide | S.S.316 |
| Disc / Option | FKM / NBR,EPDM,PTFE |
| Lever A | S.S.316 |
| Rink | S.S.316 |
| Lever B | S.S.316 |
| Lever Arm | S.S.316 |
| Float | S.S.316L/S.S.316(25mm) |

※S.S.316=316S31(BS),S31600(ASTM)
S.S.316L=316S11(BS),S31603(ASTM)
※ Casting Material: 316C16(BS) equivalent CF8M(ASTM)
-Materials: $\mathbf{4 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathrm{mm}$

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | S.S.316 |
| Valve Spindle | S.S.316 |
| Strainer | S.S.316 |
| Lever A | S.S.316 |
| Joint | S.S.316 |
| Cylinder | S.S.316 |
| Disc / Option | FKM / NBR,EPDM,PTFE |
| Guide | S.S.316 |
| Lever B | S.S.316 |
| Lever Arm | S.S.316 |
| Float |  | S.S.316L(40mm)/S.S.316

※S.S.316=316S31(BS),S31600(ASTM)
S.S.316L=316S11(BS),S31603(ASTM) ※ Casting Material: 316C16(BS) equivalent

CF8M(ASTM)

Stainless Steel Float Valve : Model SYS



## -Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | SYS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
|  | inch | $3 / 8$ | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |  |  |
| Working Temperature | 0 to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) | above 0 to 0.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |
| 1.75 MPa |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  |  |  |  |  |

## -Basic Application:

These float valves use the weight and buoyancy of their float to keep water levels constant inside water reservoir tanks. SY float valves cannot only be used with tap water, but can also be used with special fluids, such as pure water, seawater etc.

## -Features:

1. The S.S. 316 stainless steel body and parts prevent stains and rust.
2. Lost wax casting provides the benefits of thin walls and lightness.
3. SYS 10~25 are single fulcrum type valves.
※ S.S.316=316S31(BS),S31600(ASTM)
-Flow Characteristics:


THREADED END JIS(BSP) 10 mm


## ODimensions:

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L | H | F | Allowance of E | G | Length of Lever arm | Float | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 3/8 | 20 | 19 | 25 | 13 | (48) | (218) | 61 | G3/8 | $( \pm 10)$ | (148) | 90 | \$50×L90 | JIS B 0202 \& BS21 |
| 15 | 1/2 | 30 | 35 | 33 | 38 | 70 | (367) | 108 | PJ1/2 | $\pm 20$ | (228) | 180 | 100 |  |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 51 | 85 | (418) | 136 | PJ3/4 | $\pm 20$ | (293) | 200 | 120 | J B 2061 |
| 25 | 1 | 50 | 38 | 50 | 51 | 90 | (539) | 141 | PJ1 | $\pm 20$ | (360) | 280 | 150 |  |

※ JIS B 2061 is able to use BS21.

OMaterials: 15 to 25mm

| Description | Material |
| :---: | :---: |
| Body | S.S.316 |
| Lever | S.S.316 |
| Disc / Option | FKM / NBR,EPDM,PTFE |
| Guide | S.S.316 |
| Lever Arm | S.S.316 |
| Float | S.S.316 |

※ S.S.316=316S31(BS),S31600(ASTM)
※ Casting Material: 316C16(BS) equivalent
: CF8M(ASTM)

## Pilot valve of level differential operating type: Model FWDL


-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWDL |  | Applicable Fulid | Water |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 | Working Temperature | above 0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | inch | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | Working Pressure (inlet) | above 0 to 1.6 MPa |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  | Shell Test Pressure | 2.4 MPa |
| Level of Adjustable |  |  |  |  |  |

## - Basic Application:

Model FWDL is used as a pilot valve with Model D series to reduce the energy costs of pumps by setting the water level suitable for water consumption.

## -Features:

1. The specially designed level differential pilot valve helps to increase water storage capacity and to circulate the water inside a tank.
2. The water level can be easily adjusted as required by shortening or lengthening the turnbuckle of valve arms.
3. The valve comes with a built-in stainless steel perforated strainer to protect the valve seat and prevent it from clogging, jamming, or overflowing.
4. The angle patterned pilot valve triggers self-cleaning of the system on every run.
5. Bronze protects potable water from red rust and rust contamination.
6. The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.

Pilot valve of level differential operating type: Model FWDL


## -Dimensions:

unit:mm

| Nom.size |  | B | (C) | D | E | Minimum Adjusted Water Level |  |  |  |  | MAXimum Adjusted Water Level(EX-FACTORY) |  |  |  |  | d | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  | H1 | (H2) | (G1) | (G2) | (L) | H1 | (H2) | (G1) | (G2) | (L) |  |  |
| 15 | 33 | 17 | 33 | 47.5 | R1/2 | $120 \pm 30$ | 100 | 217 | 207 | 588 | $280 \pm 30$ | 60 | 377 | 121 | 492 | 120 | $\begin{gathered} \text { JIS B } 0203 \\ \& \\ \text { BS21 } \end{gathered}$ |
| 20 | 40 | 18 | 33 | 47.5 | R3/4 | $120 \pm 30$ | 100 | 217 | 207 | 596 | $280 \pm 30$ | 60 | 377 | 121 | 500 | 120 |  |

-Materials:

| Description | Material | Description | Material |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze | Guide | Bronze |  |
| Valve Spindle | Brass | Lever B | Brass |  |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel | Lever Arm | Stainless Steel |  |
| Lever A | Bronze | Float | Polyethylene |  |
| Bolt | Stainless Steel | Joint A | Brass |  |
| Cylinder | Brass | Joint B | Brass |  |
| Disc | EPDM |  |  |  |

## BRONZE VALVES

Pressure Balanced Float Valves For Pilot: Operating Principles

## FWDL Operating Principles:

## Close Position: See Fig. 1

The FWDL is kept in the close position by the balancing mechanism when acted upon by the buoyancy of the float (used for valve closing) and the inlet pressure.

## Water Level Drops:

When the water level starts dropping, the float begins to rest less and less on the water surface, until 100 mm at which point it is practically hanging in the air. This is due to its pressure balancing mechanism.

## Open Position : See Fig. 2

When the water level drops more than 100 mm , the weight of the float will exceed FWDL's pressure balance, and the valve will open to start water flow.

## Water Level Rises:

The main valve will open when FWDL starts the flow.
The water level in the tank will start to rise.

## Back to Close Position: See Fig. 1

When the water level rises higher, the float (now used for valve closing) will start floating on the water. Then the FWD valve will close at the preset high water level.


FIG1. case of non flowing
$\mathrm{F}_{1}=\mathrm{P}_{1} \times \mathrm{S}_{1}=\mathrm{F}_{2}=\mathrm{P}_{1} \times \mathrm{S}_{2}$
$\checkmark$
Pilot Valve is closed by $\mathrm{F}_{3}$.
(Buoyancy of float)


FIG2. case of flowing
$F_{1}=P_{1} \times S_{1}=F_{2}=P_{1} \times S_{2}$
$\checkmark$
Pilot Valve is opened by $\mathrm{F}_{3}$. (Float weight)

Pressure Balanced Float Valves For Pilot: Operating Principles

## MODEL: DS PILOT VALVE(FWDL) INSTALLATION DIAGRAM



A:150mm (minimum) B:170mm C:100mm

## Advantages

1. FWDL pilot valve is designed to close tight when the water level reaches a preset maximum height (for first time operation). Afterwards, it opens whenever the water level drops approx. 100 mm . Thus, FWDL provides accurate water level control in tanks.
2. FWDL provides a large water storage capacity.
3. FWDL can be installed at any height.
4. FWDL has no guide. This prevents water contamination from worms or dust from outside the tank.
5. FWDL can be easily removed for maintenance purposes.
6. Below is the standard installation in Japan.

## MODEL:DS INSTALLATION EXAMPLE

(FWDL)


## MODEL:DS INSTALLATION DIAGRAM (FWDL)



No. 1


No. 3


No. 2


No. 4

## MODEL:DL INSTALLATION DIAGRAM (FWDL)

Constant Head Valve


No. 1

## Main Valve and Pilot Valve Combination System :

## By selecting FW series, dust and insects and rainwater will

FLOAT VALVES PILOT: FWDL $15 \mathrm{~mm} / 1 / 2 "$ SYSTEM DIAGRAM not be subject to intrusion from the hole for the pilot vaive.


MODEL: DS


MODEL: DS(flange)


MODEL: DX


MODEL: DRWP


APPLICATION for Portable and New Water system.
$\mathrm{A}: 150 \mathrm{~mm}$ (minimum) $\mathrm{B}: 170 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{C}: 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ (level differential)
Typical Application: For big tanks in basements in order to save on electricity for pumps and to minimize flow-noise during the night. (Tank capacity: above100 tons)
Recommendations: For pilot pipe, using sus $304 / 316$ Sch 40 pipe with size of $15 \mathrm{~mm} / 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{OD}=21.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ pipes. (hole opening for pilot pipe penetrating, is 25 mm silicon sealing + pipe covering made of thin sus plate with headless allentkey screw)
-Operating Conditions:

| MODEL |  | FWD |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Size | mm | 15 | 20 |
|  | inch | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ |
| Applicable Fluid |  | Water |  |
| Working Temperature | 0.05 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Working Pressure (inlet) | above 0 to 1.6 MPa |  |  |
| Shell Test Pressure |  | 2.4 MPa |  |

## -Basic Application:

The FWD unit is used along with the DH unit in order to reduce the energy costs of pumps as well as conserve and refresh water by monitoring water levels that can greatly differ.

## -Features:

1. The specially designed level differential pilot valve helps to increase water storage capacity and to circulate the water inside a tank.
2. The water level can be easily adjusted as required by shortening or lengthening the riser (vertical) pipe of the pilot valves.
3. The valve comes with a built-in stainless steel perforated strainer to protect the valve seat and prevent it from clogging, jamming or overflowing.
4. The angle-patterned pilot valve triggers self-cleaning of the seat on every run.
5. Bronze protects potable water from red rust contamination.

6 . The polyethylene float never pollutes the drinking water.
7. The valve is designed to use chains for adjusting the level difference, a wide level difference minimizes the number of times the pumps turn on or off, therefore it is able to save on electricity costs for the pumps.

Pressure Balanced Float Valves For Pilot: Model FWD


## -Dimensions:

THREADED END JIS(BSP) $\mathbf{1 5} \mathbf{m m}$ to $\mathbf{2 0 m m}$

| Nom.size |  | A | B | C | D | E | L | H | F | Allowance of E | $J$ | G | Length of Lever arm | Float d1 | Float d2 | Connection Standard |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | inch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 1/2 | 33 | 17 | 33 | 47.5 | 117 | (400) | 168 | R1/2 | $\pm 30$ | (200~500) | (285) | 250 | 100 | 120 | JIS B 0203 |
| 20 | 3/4 | 40 | 18 | 33 | 47.5 | 117 | (408) | 168 | R3/4 | $\pm 30$ | (200~500) | (285) | 250 | 100 | 120 | BS21 |

## -Materials:

| Description | Material | Description | Material |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Body | Bronze | Disc | EPDM |  |
| Valve Spindle | Bronze | Guide | Bronze |  |
| Strainer | Stainless Steel | Lever B | Brass |  |
| Lever A | Bronze | Lever Arm | Stainless Steel |  |
| Link | Stainless Steel | Float | Polyethylene |  |
| Cylinder | Bronze |  |  |  |

Pressure Balanced Float Valves For Pilot: Operating Principles

## FWD Operating Principles:

## Close Position: See Fig. 1

The FWD is kept in the close position by the balancing mechanism when acted upon by the buoyancy of float A (used for valve closing) and the inlet pressure.

## Water Level Drops: See Fig. 2

When the water level drops, float A will remain hanging in the air because of FWD's pressure-balancing mechanism. Meanwhile, float B (used for valve opening), which is connected to float A by a chain, keeps floating on the water.

## Open Position: See Fig. 3

When the chain is pulled to tension, the weight of float B (used for valve opening) will exceed FWD's pressure balance and the FWD valve will open to start water flow.

## Water Level Rises: See Fig. 2

The main valve will open when FWD starts to flow. The water level in the tank will start to rise.

## FWD Back to Close Position: See Fig. 1

Float B (used for valve opening) keeps floating on the water. When the water level rises higher, Float A (used for valve closing) will start floating on the water. Then the FWD valve will close.



FIG3.open position

FIG2. water level drops/rises

Main Valve and Pilot Valve Combination System :
Bu selecting FW series, dust and insects and rainwater will
FLOAT VALVES PILOT: FWD 15mm/ 1/2" SYSTEM DIAGRAM
not be subject to intrusion from the hole for the pilot value.


MODEL: DS


MODEL: DS(flange)


APPLICATION for Portable and New Water system.
A: 150 mm (minimum) B: 170 mm C: $500,1000,1500,2000 \mathrm{~mm}$
Typical Application: For tall tanks on rooftops or for big reservoirs to circulate dead water, save on pump electricity, lengthen pump life, and minimize flow-noise during the night. (Top tank size: 1 to $2.5 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ / Big reservoirs: above 100 tons)
Recommendations: For pilot pipe, using sus $304 / 316$ Sch 40 pipe with size of $15 \mathrm{~mm} / 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ OD=21.7mm pipes. (hole opening for pilot pipe penetrating is Min. 35 mm , rubber bush + silicon sealing + pipe covering socket with headless allentkey screw)

Pilot Operated Float Valves for pilot : Installation Diagram

## MODEL : DS INSTALLATION DIAGRAM (FWD)



No. 1


No. 3


No. 2


No. 4

Pilot Operated : Operating Principles

## MODEL : DS PILOT VALVE(FWD) INSTALLATION DIAGRAM



A: 150 mm (minimum) $\mathrm{B}: 170 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{C}: 500,1000,1500,2000 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Advantages

1. The FWD pilot valve is designed to close tight when the water level reaches a preset maximum height (for the first time operation). Afterwards, it opens whenever the water level drops approx. $500,1000,1500$ or 2000 mm . Thus FWD provides accurate water level control in the tank.
2. FWD provides large water storage capacity.
3. The FWD pilot valve is designed with a float attached at the end of a chain. Large water differential between the valve opening and closing can be achieved according to the chain length.
4. The FWD can be installed at any height.
5. The FWD has no guide. This prevents water contamination from worms or dust from outside the tank.
6. FWD can be removed easily for maintenance purposes.
7. FWD can reduce a lot of pump noise and pump electricity consumption, thus lengthening the pump's life.

## MODEL:DS INSTALLATION EXAMPLE (FWD)



## Caution

Please make sure to install FWD as such that during FWD operation, the float to open the valve and chain (of $500,1000,2000 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) won' t wind into any nearby pipes, etc.

